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AGENCY RELATIONSHIPS DISCLOSURE

This form approved by the North Dakota Association of REALTORS®, which disclaims any liability out of use or misuse of this form. This form is only for use by licensed REALTORS® in the State of North Dakota.

North Dakota law requires that, early in a relationship (at first substantive contact), real estate Brokers discuss with consumers what type of representation or relationship they desire (unless otherwise specified, the term "Broker", as used in this form, includes both Brokers and Broker's Salespersons). The available agency options are listed on this form.

THIS IS A DISCLOSURE ONLY, NOT A CONTRACT FOR REPRESENTATION OR TO SHOW PROPERTY. If you desire representation, you must have a written contract according to state law (a Listing Agreement if you are a Seller, or a Buyer Representation Agreement if you are a Buyer). Until such time you choose to enter into a written contract for representation, you will be treated as a *Customer* and will not receive any representation from the Broker.

9 BROKER COMMISSIONS ARE NOT SET BY LAW AND ARE FULLY NEGOTIABLE.

10 Acknowledgement: I/We acknowledge that I/we have been presented with the options described on pages 1 11 and 2 of this Agency Relationship Disclosure. I/We understand that until I/we have signed a representation 12 contract I/we have no representation by the Broker and information given to the Broker may be disclosed. 13 I/We understand that written consent is required for a dual agency relationship and for an appointed agency 14 relationship.

16 Signature Date Signature Date

17I. Customer: A Seller, Buyer, lessor, or lessee, who is not represented by a particular Broker in a transaction, is 18considered a *customer*. Brokers are not agents of a *customer* and owe the *customer* only limited legal duties. However, 19Brokers must deal honestly with any party to a real estate transaction, regardless of whether the party is 20represented by that Broker. These limited legal duties are to perform the customary acts typically performed by 21Brokers in assisting a transaction to the transaction's closing or conclusion with honesty and good faith and to disclose to 22the customer any adverse material facts actually known by the Broker which pertain to the title of the real property, the 23physical condition of the real property, and defects in the real property. Brokers do not owe the agency duties of loyalty, $\mathbf{24}$ obedience, disclosure, confidentiality, reasonable care, diligence, and accounting to a customer. Customers should be aware 25that any information shared with Brokers may be disclosed. If a Broker represents another party in the same real estate 26transaction, the Broker is required to place the interest of the represented client first.

27**II. Seller's Broker:** A Broker who lists a property, represents the Seller, and acts on behalf of the Seller. A Seller's 28Broker owes to the Seller the agency duties described on Page 2. The Seller's Broker must also disclose to the Buyer 29material facts, as defined by state law, of which the Broker is aware that could adversely and significantly affect the 30 Buyer's use or enjoyment of the property. If a Broker working with a Buyer as a *customer*, but is representing the Seller, 31Broker must act in the Seller's best interest and must tell the Seller any information disclosed to the Broker. If the Broker 32is representing the Seller, the Buyer *customer* will not be represented and will not receive advice and/or counsel from the 33Broker. If a Broker represents two or more Sellers as clients who both desire to offer competing real property for sale or 34lease, a Broker may do so without breaching any duty to such clients. In such an event, Broker still owes agency duties to 35the clients, except as limited in this Paragraph II.

36 III. Buyer's Broker: A Broker who enters into an agreement to represent and act on behalf of a Buyer. A Buyer's Broker 37may represent the Buyer only, and not the Seller, even if they are being paid in whole or in part by the Seller. A Buyer's 38Broker owes to the Buyer the agency duties described on Page 2. A Broker must disclose to Buyer's material facts, as 39defined by state law, of which the Broker is aware that could adversely and significantly affect the Buyer's use or enjoyment 40of the property. If a Broker working with a Seller as a *customer* is representing a Buyer, Broker must act in Buyer's best 41interest and must tell Buyer any information disclosed to the Broker. If the Broker is only representing the Buyer, Seller 42will not be represented and will not receive advice and/or counsel from Broker. If the Broker represents two or more Buyers 43as clients who desire to make an offer to purchase the same real property, the Broker may do so without breaching any 44duty to such clients, by assisting such clients with multiple offers even though the interest of such clients are competing. 45However, if the same Salesperson represents two or more Buyers who desire to make an offer to purchase the same 46property, that Salesperson must disclose to Buyer clients the fact that a competing written offer has been submitted by 47another Buyer client of that Salesperson, without disclosing the identity of the other Buyer client, or the terms of the offer.

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In such an event, the Broker and the Salesperson still owe agency duties to the clients, except as limited in this Paragraph
III.

50IV. Dual Agency- Broker Representing Both Seller and Buyer: Dual Agency occurs when one Broker represents 51both parties to a transaction, or when two Salespersons licensed to the same Broker each represent a party to the 52transaction (unless Appointed Agency applies, see V). Dual Agency requires the informed written consent of all parties, 53and means that the Broker owes the same duties to the Seller and Buyer. This role limits the level of representation the 54Broker can provide, and prohibits Broker from acting exclusively for either party. In a Dual Agency, Broker's knowledge 55regarding either party's willingness to negotiate further on price or terms, or regarding motivation for pursuing a 56transaction, will be kept confidential, unless Buyer or Seller instructs Broker in writing to disclose specific information 57about him/her. Dual Agents may not advocate for one party to the detriment of the other as described below in (3). Within 58the limitations described above, Dual Agents owe to both Seller and Buyer the agency duties described below in (2). Dual 59Agents must disclose to Buyer's material facts, as defined by state law, of which Broker is aware that could adversely and 60 significantly affect Buyer's use and enjoyment of the property.

61 V. Appointed Agency: Some Brokers have the option of replacing Dual Agency (see IV) with Appointed Agency for inhouse transactions. The Broker may appoint one salesperson affiliated with the Broker to exclusively represent a Seller, and one salesperson affiliated with the Broker to exclusively represent the Buyer. In that case, no Dual Agency is created. Appointed Agent who singularly represents both Seller and Buyer in the same transaction is considered to be a disclosed Dual Agent owing agency duties to both parties and must get permission from both parties to so act.

67 VI. Subagent: A Broker who is working with a Buyer as a *customer* but represents a Seller whose property is listed with 68 a different brokerage. If a Broker working with a Buyer as a *customer* is representing the Seller, Broker must act in the 69 Seller's best interest and must tell the Seller any information that is disclosed to the Broker. In that case, the Buyer is a 70 *customer* and is not represented by either Broker, and will not receive advice/or counsel from the Broker.

71 VII. Limitation:

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- (A) **Intent to Perform-** The Broker/Salesperson must disclose any information to either party which may indicate that one of the parties does not intend to perform in accordance with the terms of the purchase agreement or any other written agreement or obligation.
- (B) Imputed Knowledge- The knowledge of one Salesperson of real estate brokerage firm regarding an affected real property is not imputed to another Salesperson in the same brokerage firm and no duty is imposed upon a Salesperson regarding the affected real property to another Salesperson within the same real estate brokerage firm.
- (C) **Disclaimer of Certain Obligation-** Unless otherwise agreed in writing, a Broker and its Salespersons are not obligated to independently verify the accuracy or completeness of any statement or representation made by any person other than the Broker and Salesperson involved in the transaction under question.
 - (1) This disclosure is required by law in any transaction involving a one to four unit residential property.
 - (2) Agency duties are listed below and have the following meanings:
 - Loyalty Broker/Salesperson will be faithful to and act only in the best interest of client(s).
 - **Obedience** Broker/Salesperson will carry out all lawful instructions of client(s).
- **Disclosure** Broker/Salesperson will disclose to client(s) all material facts of which they have knowledge and which might reasonably affect the client's use and enjoyment of the property.
- 89Confidentiality Broker/Salesperson will keep the confidences of client(s) unless required by law to disclose90specific information (such as disclosure of material facts to a Buyer).
 - Reasonable Care Broker/Salesperson will use reasonable care in performing duties as an agent.
 - Accounting Broker/Salesperson will account for all money and property received as agents for client(s).
- 93(3) If Seller decides not to agree to a Dual Agency relationship or an Appointed Agency relationship,94Seller may give up the opportunity to sell the property to Buyers represented by95Broker/Salesperson.
- 96If Buyer decides not to agree to Dual Agency relationship or an Appointed Agency relationship,97Buyer may give up the opportunity to buy the property of Sellers represented by98Broker/Salesperson.

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